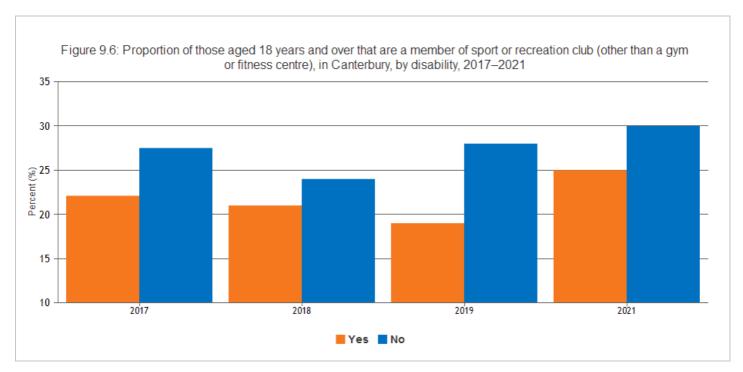


Sports and recreational club membership (adults): Breakdown by disability

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The figure shows a pattern of a higher level of sport or recreation club membership (other than a gym or fitness centre), in Canterbury, for respondents without a disability (30%) compared with respondents with a disability (25%), in Canterbury, 2017–2021. Note that in quarter 3 of 2019, the question and method of analysis concerning New Zealanders with a physical impairment (used from 2017 onwards) were changed to be consistent with the Washington Group Short Set of Questions on Disability (WGSS). This change represents a shift from focusing on the presence of disease (e.g., a medical diagnosis) to focusing on the individual's ability to function within the environment (ability to do everyday things other people can do). The 'disabled' populations identified by these different survey approaches will not be the same (the WGSS questions tend to identify a smaller/different population). Despite these differences, the 2017 to 2021 results are presented together in Figure 9.6 as the between-group differences at each time point are still relevant. Note: due to questionnaire changes, the 2019 year includes only half a year of data (Q3, Q4 2019).

Data Sources for Sports and recreational club membership (adults)

Source: Sport New Zealand.

Survey/data set: Sport New Zealand's Active NZ Participation Survey. Custom data request for Canterbury region. Access publicly available data from the Sport New Zealand website sportnz.org.nz/resources/active-nz-changes-in-participation/ **Source data frequency:** Annually.

Metadata for the Sports and recreational club membership (adults) indicator is available at https://www.canterburywellbeing.org.nz/index-data

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